



Oncology Phase I Trials: The Critical Step of Drug Development

Chia-Chi (Josh) Lin, M.D., Ph.D. 林家齊
Graduate Institute of Clinical Medicine, National
Taiwan University College of Medicine
Department of Oncology, National Taiwan
University Hospital
16 December 2021

Oncology Phase I Trials

Traditional

Primary endpoints

- Dose limiting toxicity (DLT)
- Maximum tolerated dose (MTD)
- Recommended phase II dose (RP2D)

Secondary endpoints

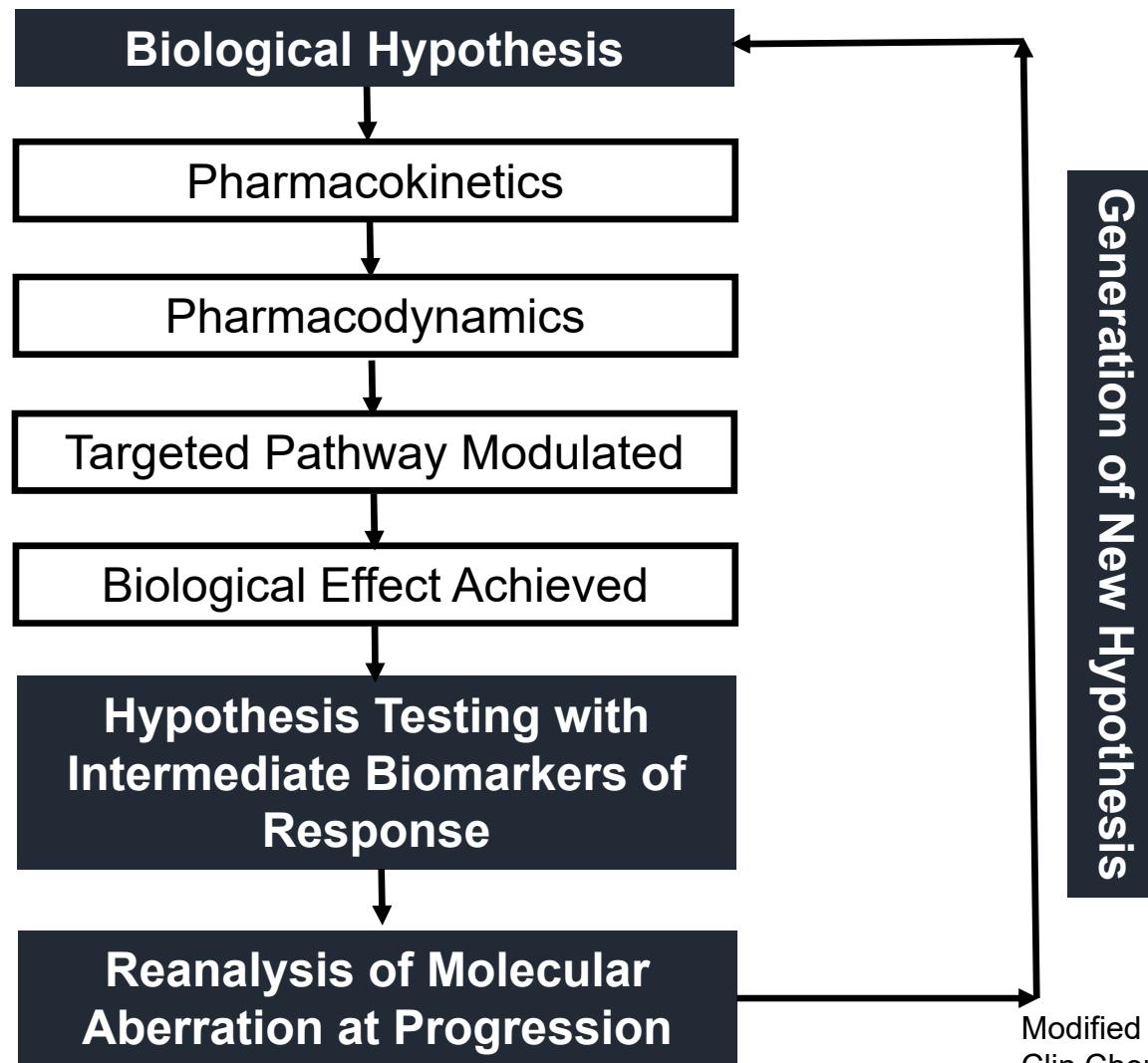
- Pharmacokinetics (PK)
- Pharmacodynamics (PD)
- Preliminary antitumor activity

Eligibility

- Patients with refractory cancers of any type

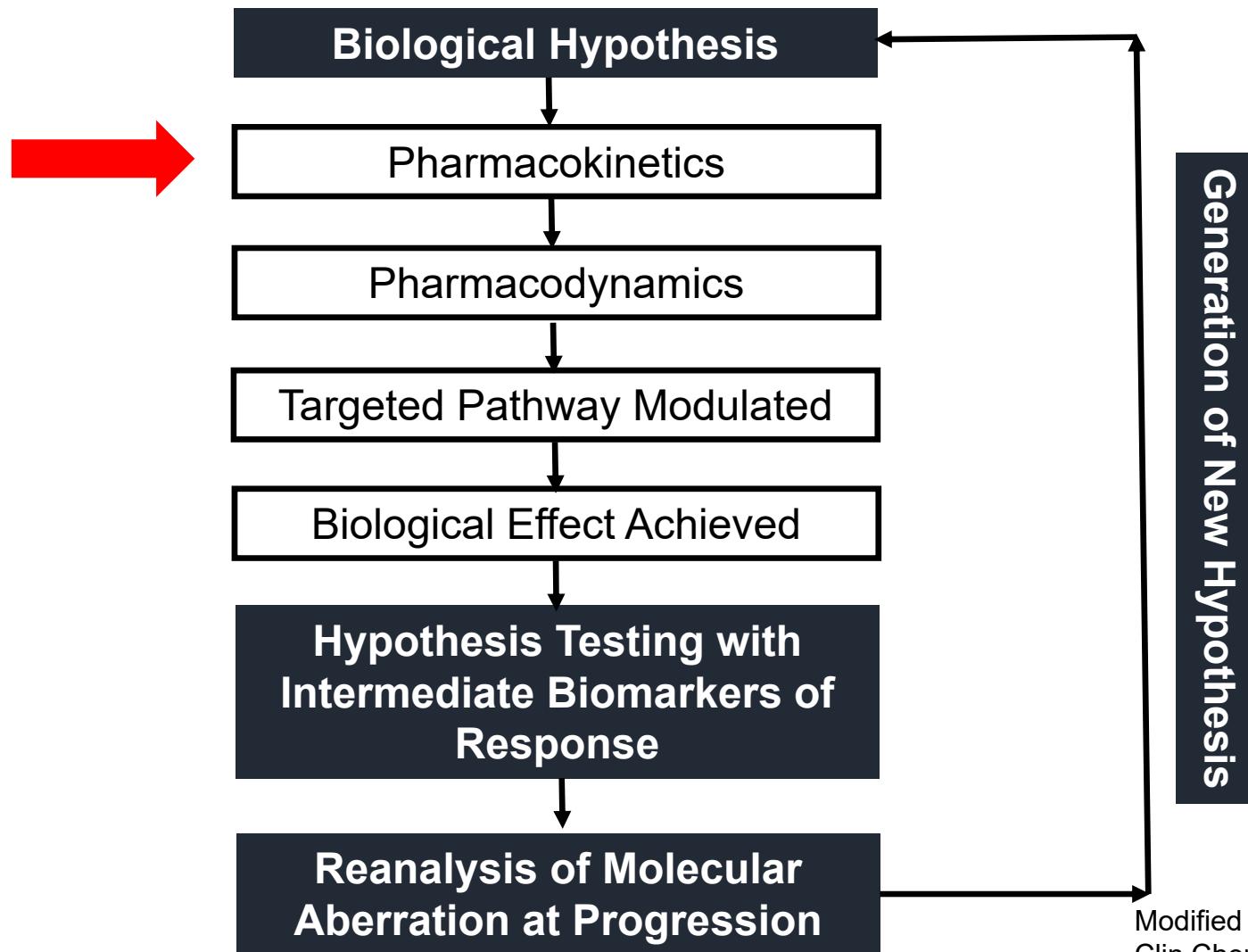
Oncology Phase I Trials

Modern



Modified from Ferraldeschi R, et al.
Clin Chem 59:75-84, 2013

Oncology Phase I Trials Modern



Modified from Ferraldeschi R, et al.
Clin Chem 59:75-84, 2013

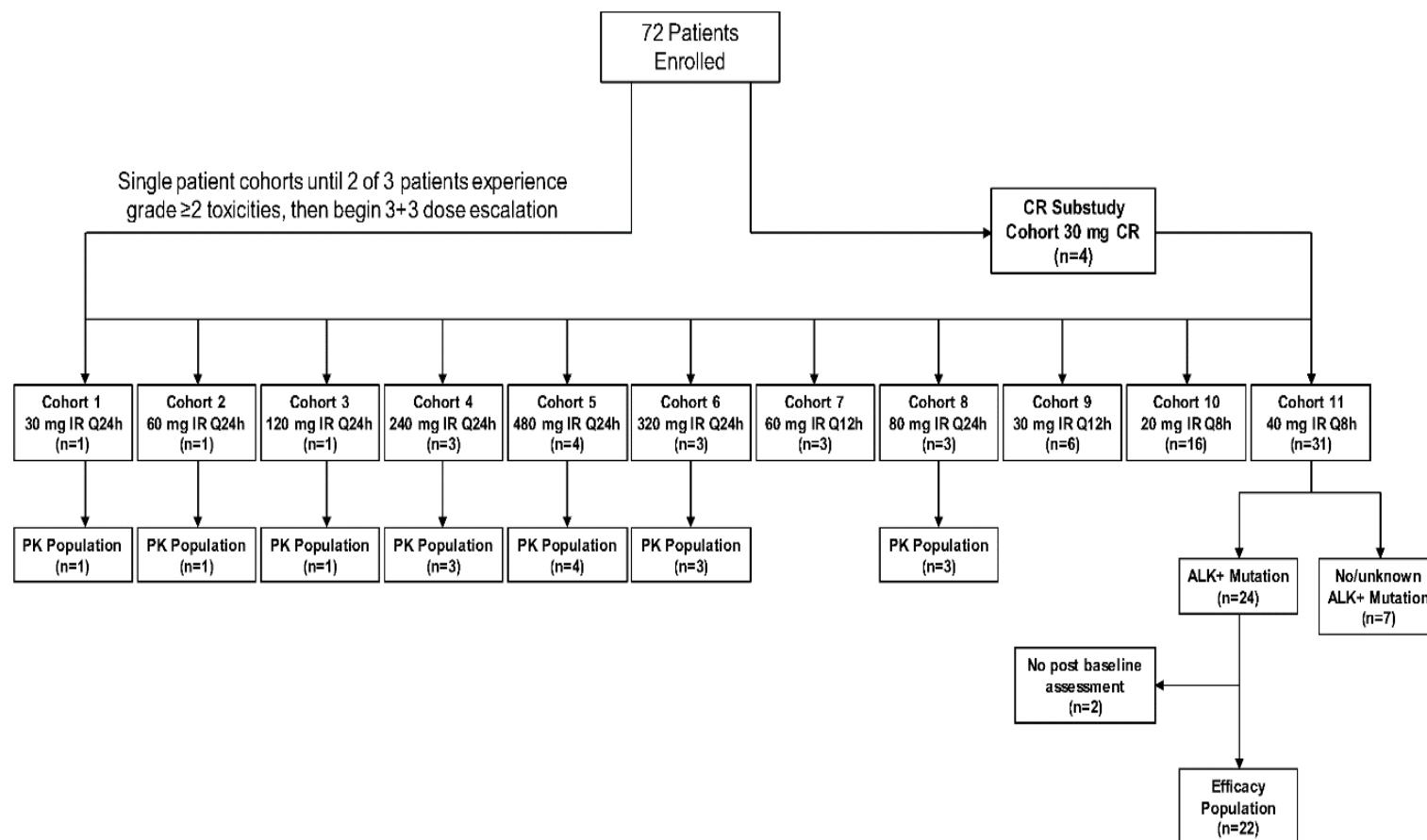
ALK Inhibitors Beyond Crizotinib

■ $IC_{50} \leq 50$ nM ■ $IC_{50} > 50 - < 200$ nM ■ $IC_{50} \geq 200$ nM

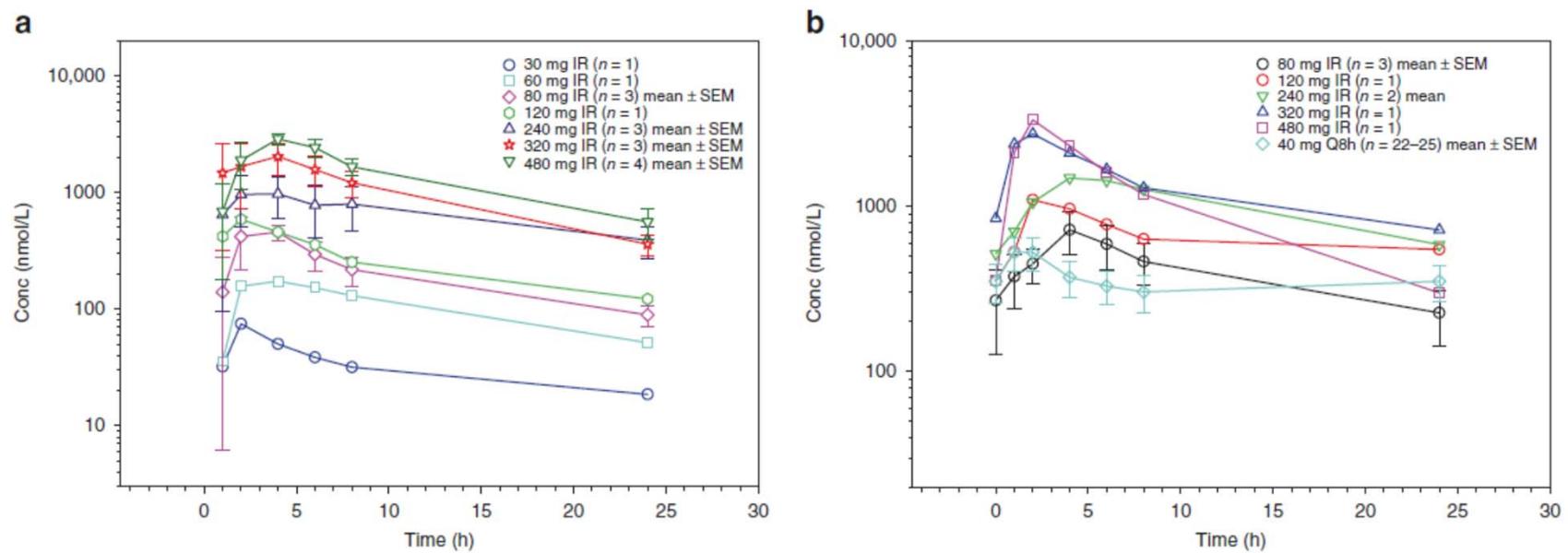
	Molecular Targets Other Than ALK	Activity Against C1156Y	Activity Against L1196M	Activity Against G1202R	Activity Against G1269A
Ceritinib	ROS1, IGF1R, InsR	Yes	Yes	Intermediate	Yes
Alectinib		Yes	Intermediate	No	Yes
Brigatinib	ROS1, EGFR ^{del19/T790M}	Yes	Yes	Intermediate	NA
Lorlatinib	ROS1	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Belizatinib	NTRK	NA	Yes	NA	NA
Entrectinib	ROS1, NTRK	Yes	Yes	NA	NA

Modified from Liao B-C, Lin C-C, et al.
Ther Adv Med Oncol 7:274-90, 2015
(review)

Belizatinib (TSR011) Phase I Trial



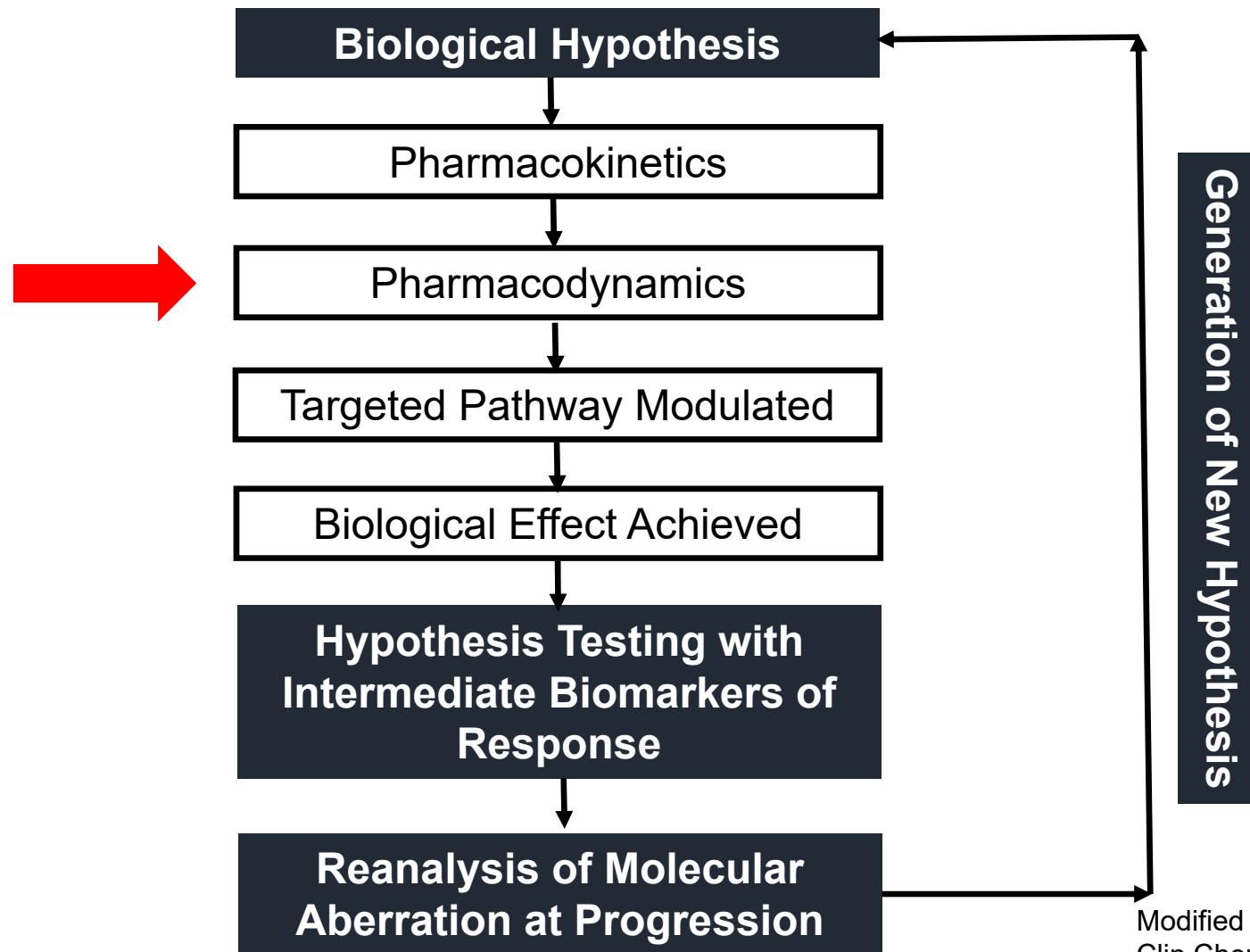
Belzatinib (TSR011) Phase I Trial



Belizatinib (TSR011) Phase I Trial

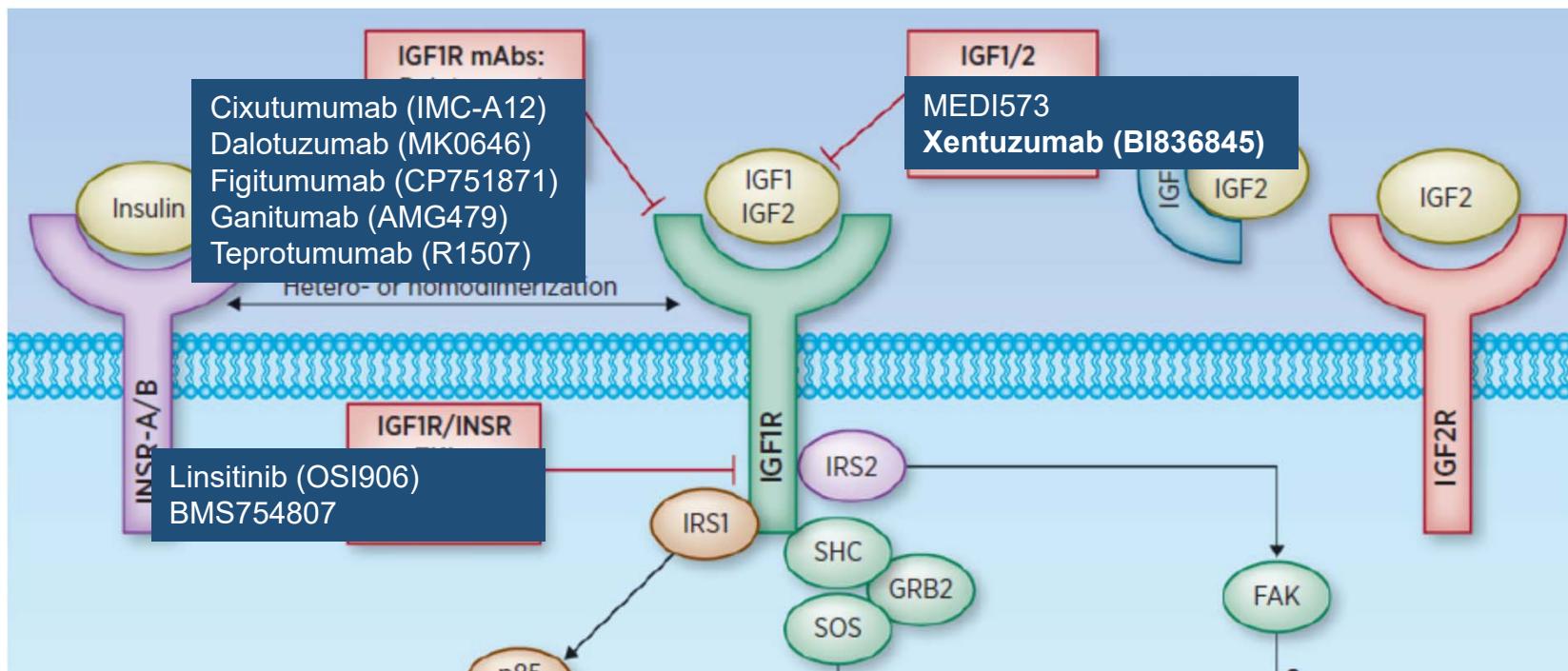
	ALK inhibitor-naïve (n = 14)	Prior ALK inhibitor-treated (n = 8)	All patients (n = 22)
Best overall response, n (%)			
Complete response	0	0	0
Partial response	6 (42.9)	1 (12.5)	7 (31.8)
Stable disease	8 (57.1)	6 (75.0)	14 (63.6)
Progressive disease	0	1 (12.5)	1 (4.5)
Objective response, n (%)			
Complete response + partial response	6 (42.9)	1 (12.5)	7 (31.8)

Oncology Phase I Trials Modern



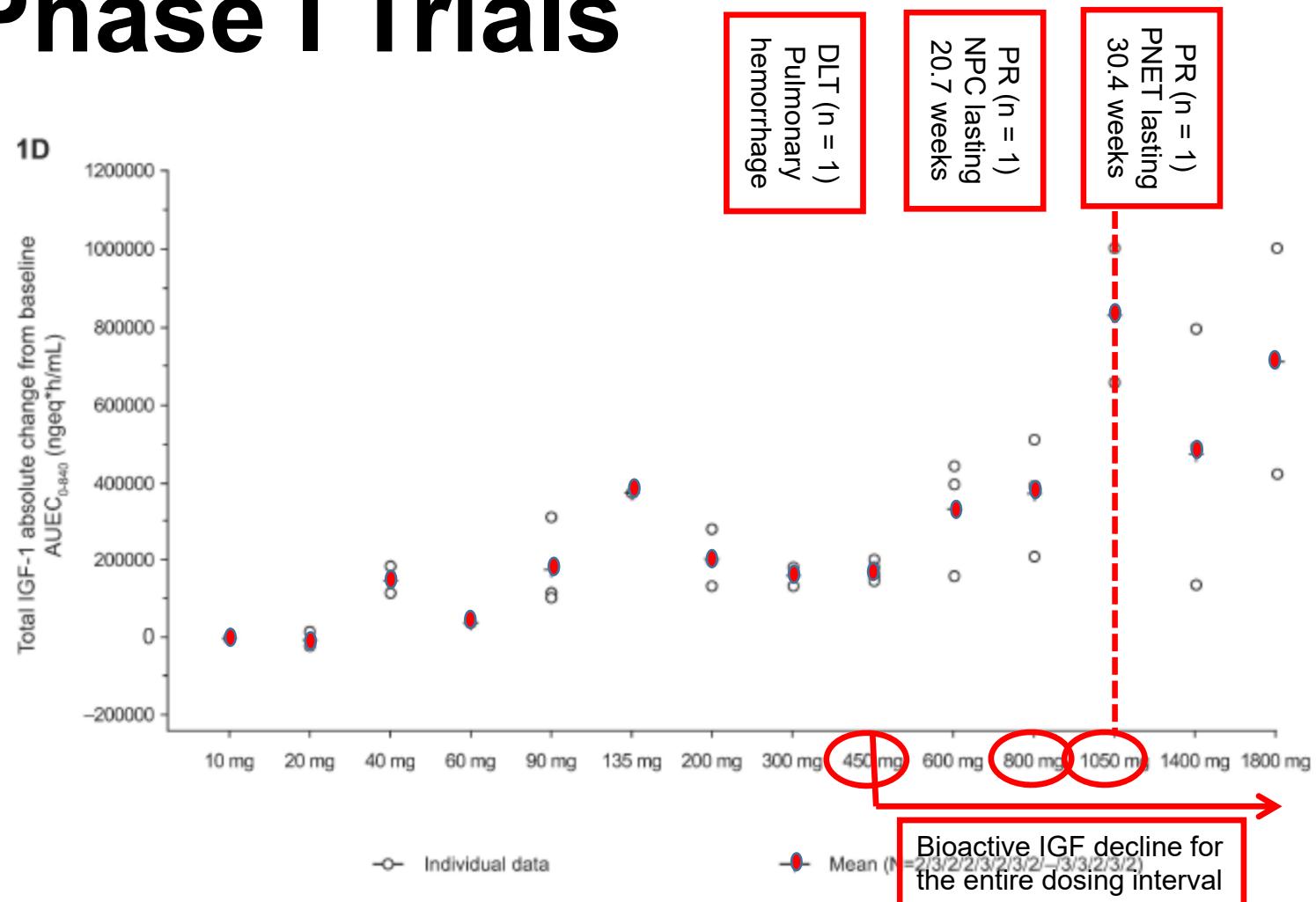
Modified from Ferraldeschi R, et al.
Clin Chem 59:75-84, 2013

Anti-IGF / IGF1R Antibodies



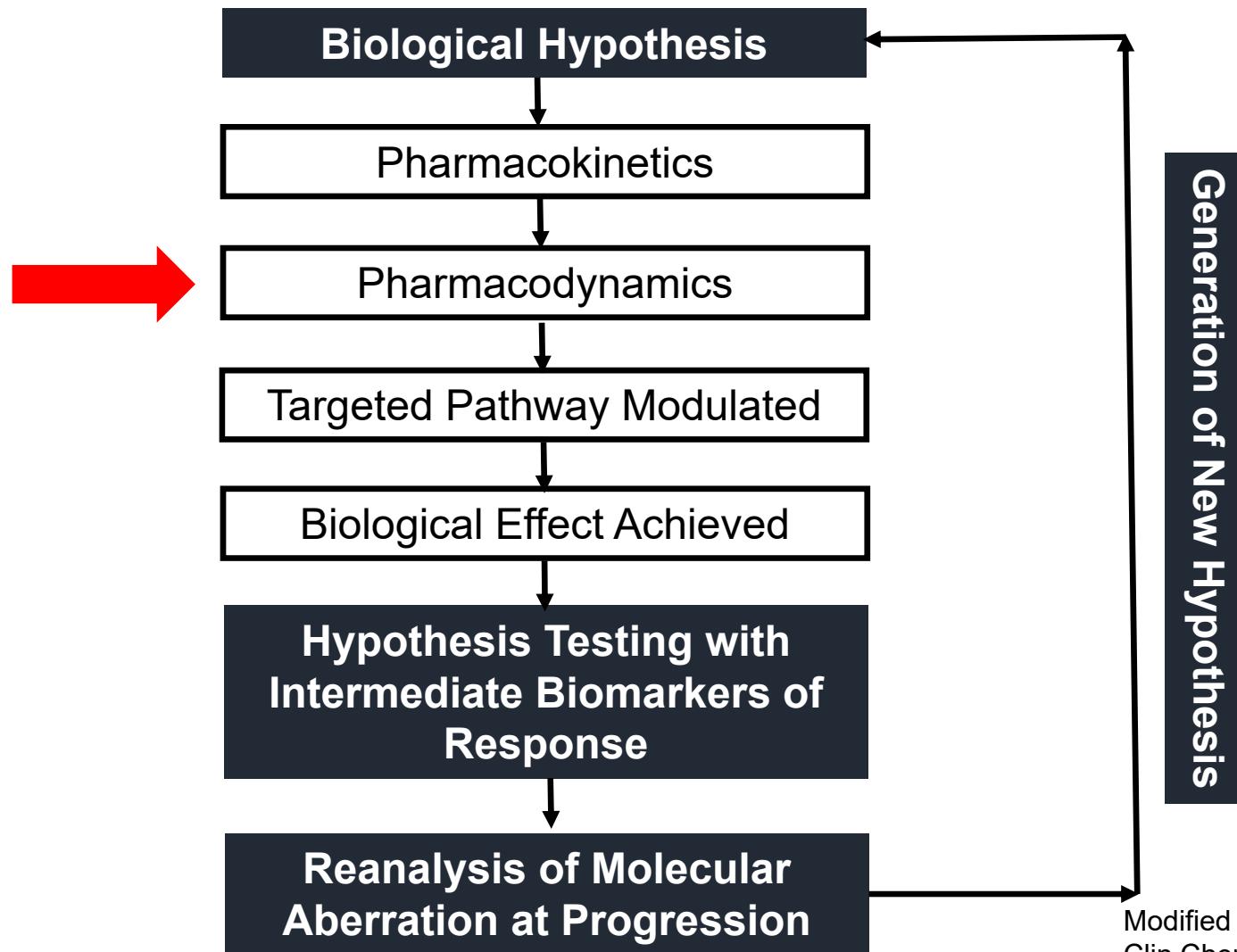
Modified from Iams WT, et al. Clin Cancer Res 21:4270-7, 2015 (review)

Xentuzumab (BI836845) Phase I Trials



de Bono J*, Lin C-C*, et al. Br J Cancer Br J Cancer 122:1324-32, 2020 (*equal contribution)

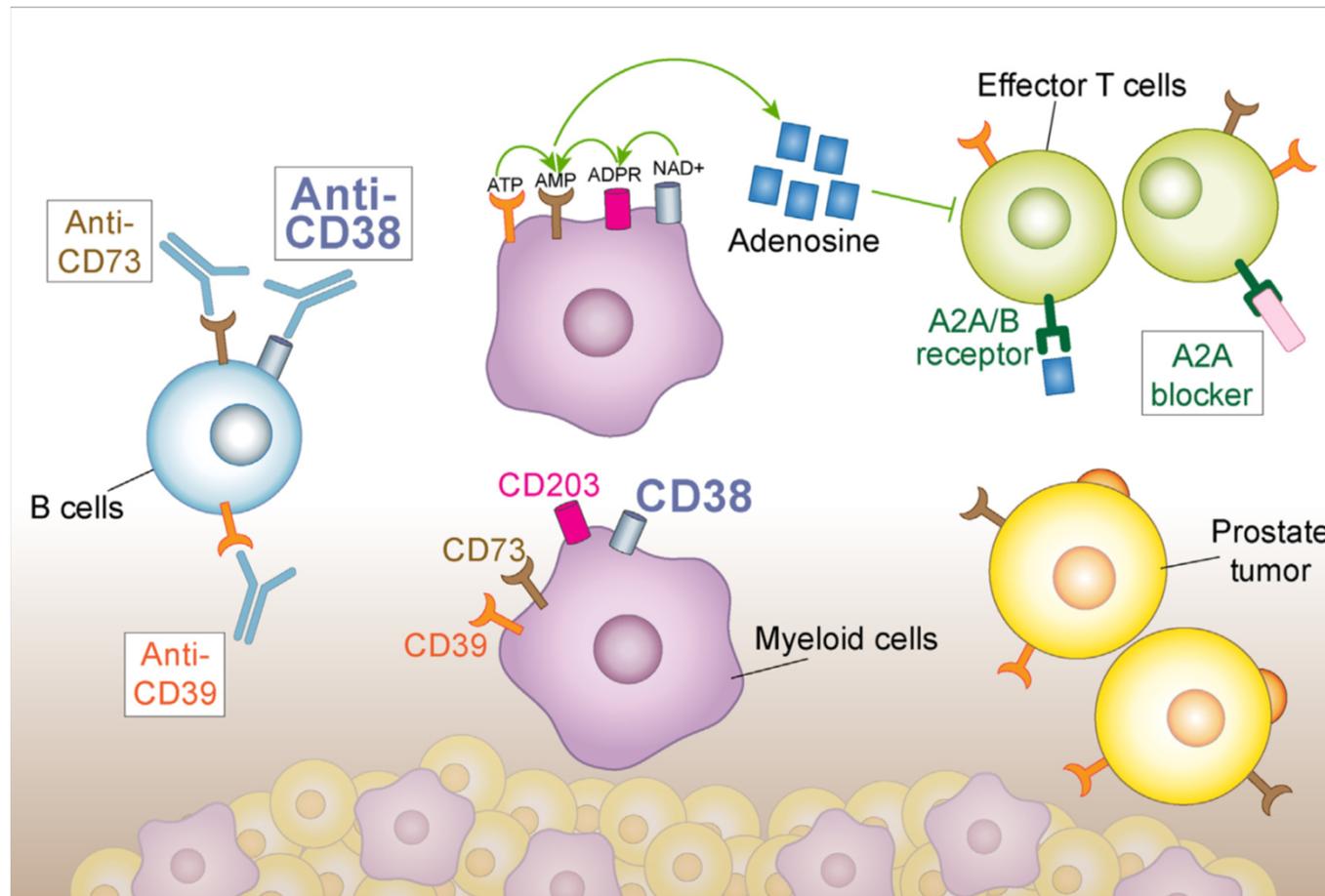
Oncology Phase I Trials Modern



Modified from Ferraldeschi R, et al.
Clin Chem 59:75-84, 2013

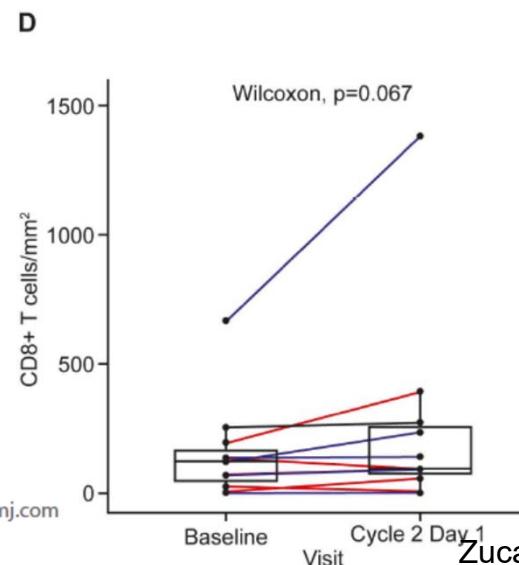
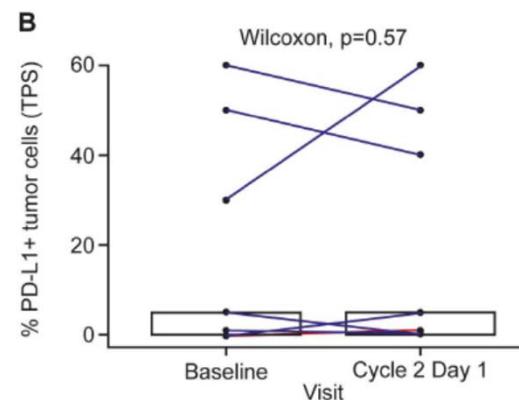
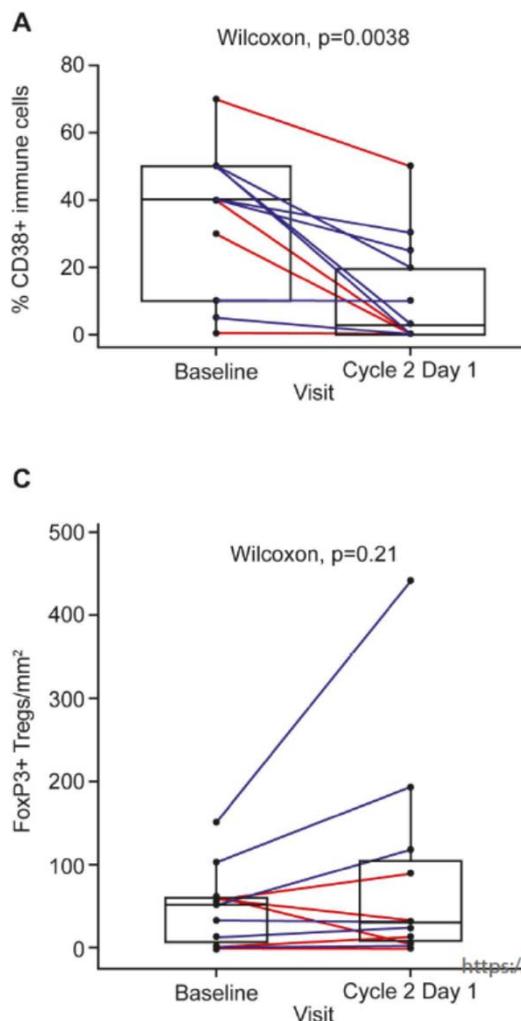
REGN2810 + SAR650984

Rationale



REGN2810 + SAR650984 Tumor Biopsies

CRPC
NSCLC



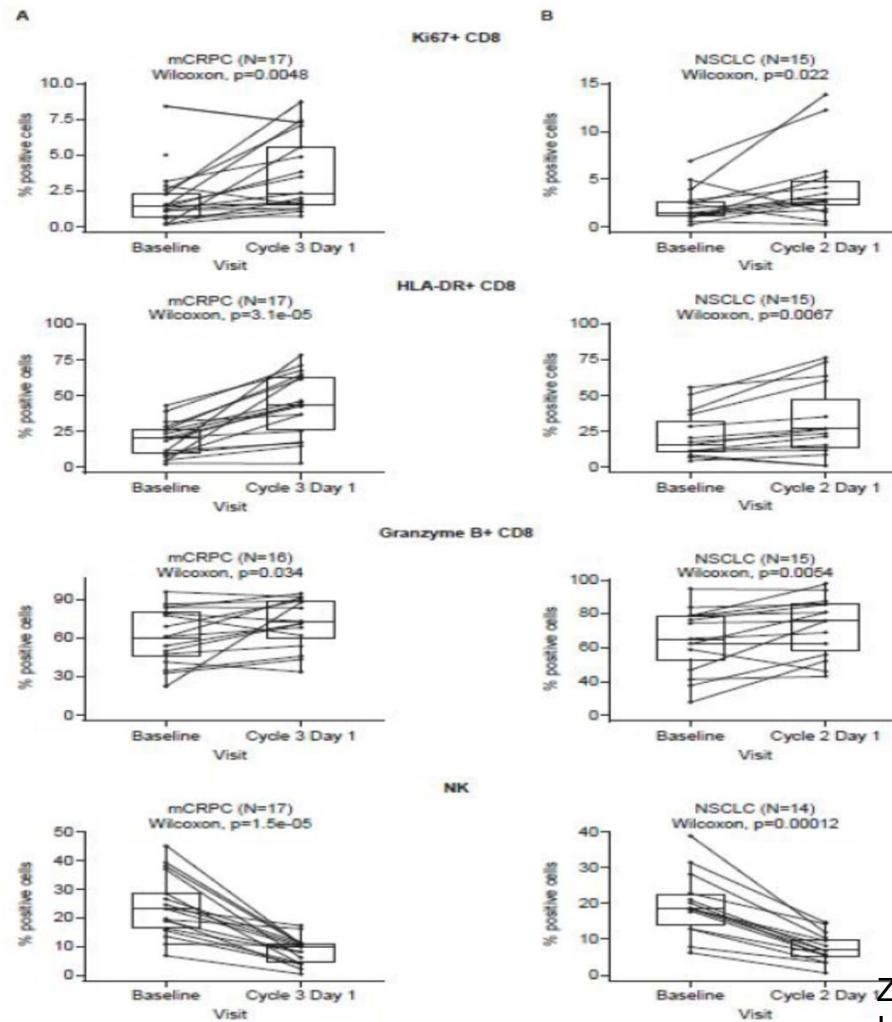
A. Decrease of CD38⁺ immune cells

B. No increase of PD-L1⁺ tumor cells

C. No decrease of regulatory T cells

REGN2810 + SAR650984 Peripheral Blood Immune Cells

A: CRPC
B: NSCLC

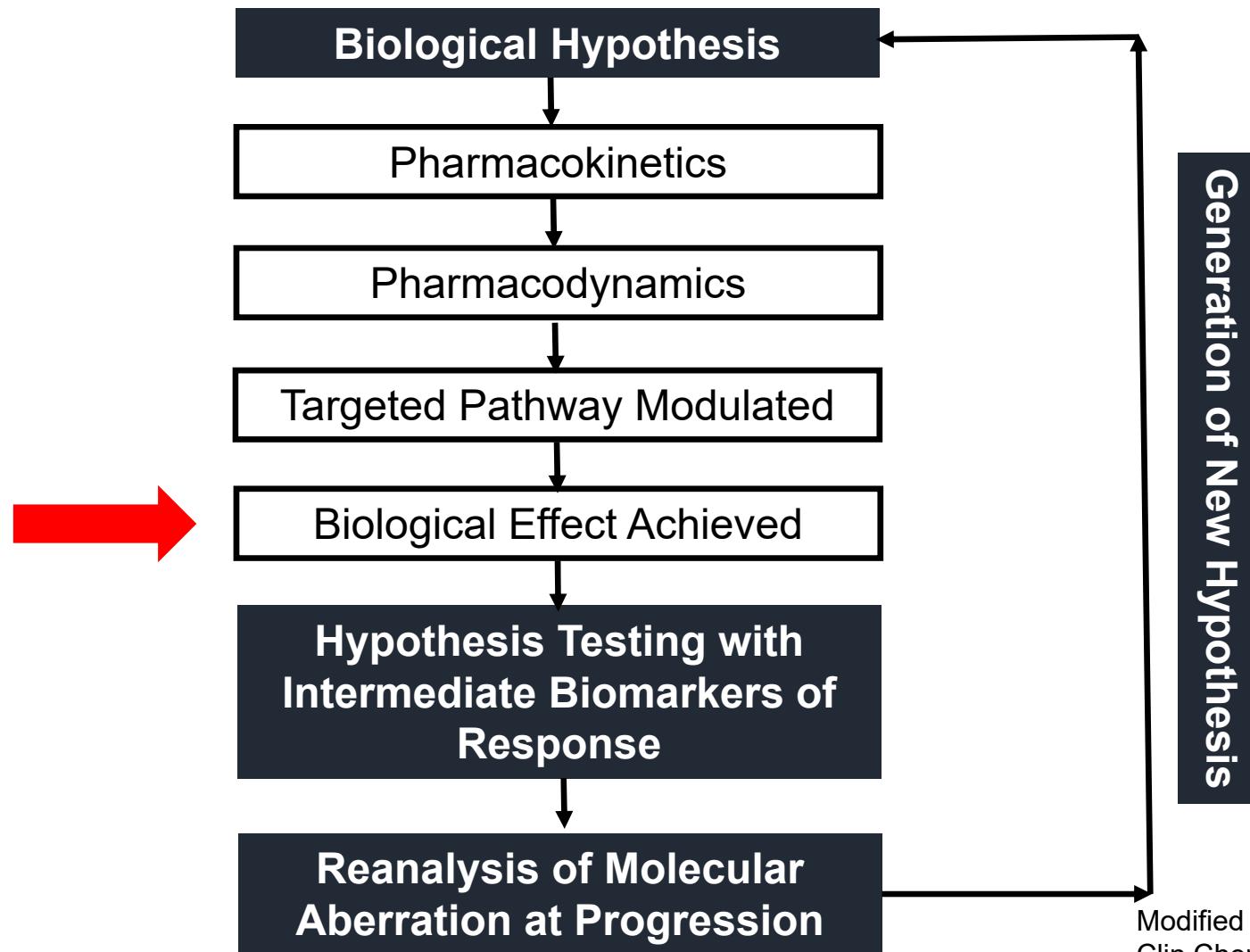


Increase of
Activated T
Cells

Increase of
Cytolytic T
Cells

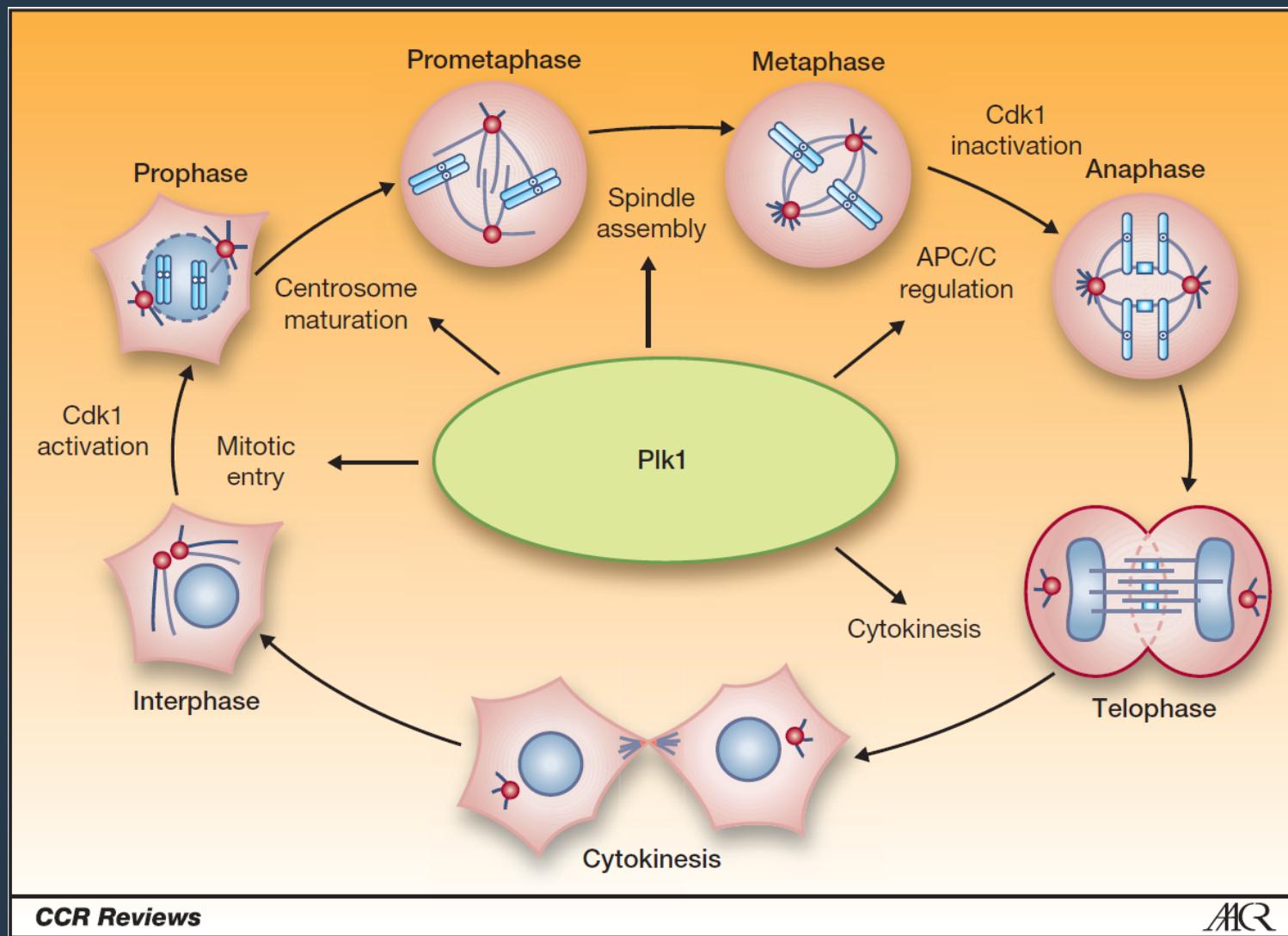
Decrease of
NK Cells

Oncology Phase I Trials Modern



Modified from Ferraldeschi R, et al.
Clin Chem 59:75-84, 2013

Polo-Like Kinases



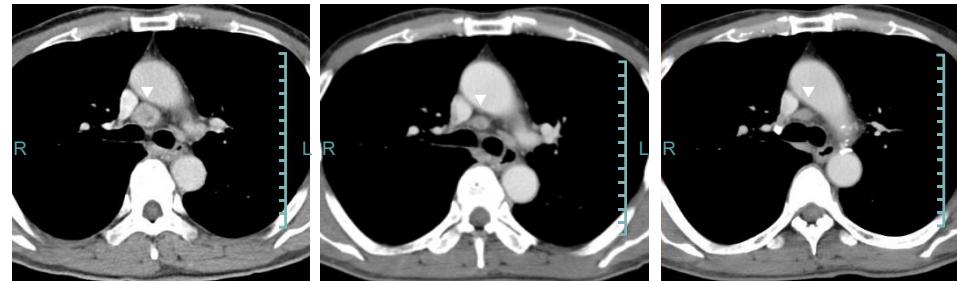
Volasertib (BI6727) Phase I Trials

Study	1230.1 ¹	1230.16 ²
Region	Europe	Asia
Schedule(s)	D1, Q21D	D1, Q21D
Dose levels, mg	12 - 450	100 - 350
Total, n	65	32
DLT	G4 ANC G4 platelets	G4 platelets
MTD, mg	400	300
RP2D, mg	300	300 (tbc)
PR, n	3	1
Tumors (dose)	Melanoma (300) Ovarian (400) Urothelial (450)	Urothelial (350)
		Melanoma (150)

1. Schoffski P, et al. Eur J Cancer 48:179-186, 2012
2. Lin C-C, et al. Br J Cancer 110:2434-40, 2014

BI853520, Pexidartinib (PLX3397) Phase I Trials

**BI853520: FAK inhibitor
Gastric cancer**

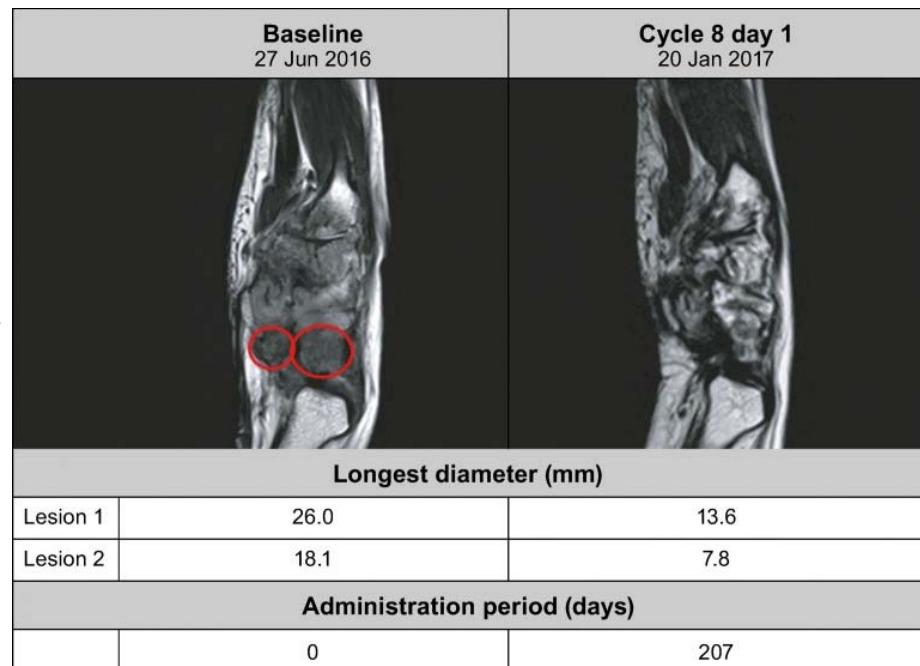


Baseline

Cycle 4: PR

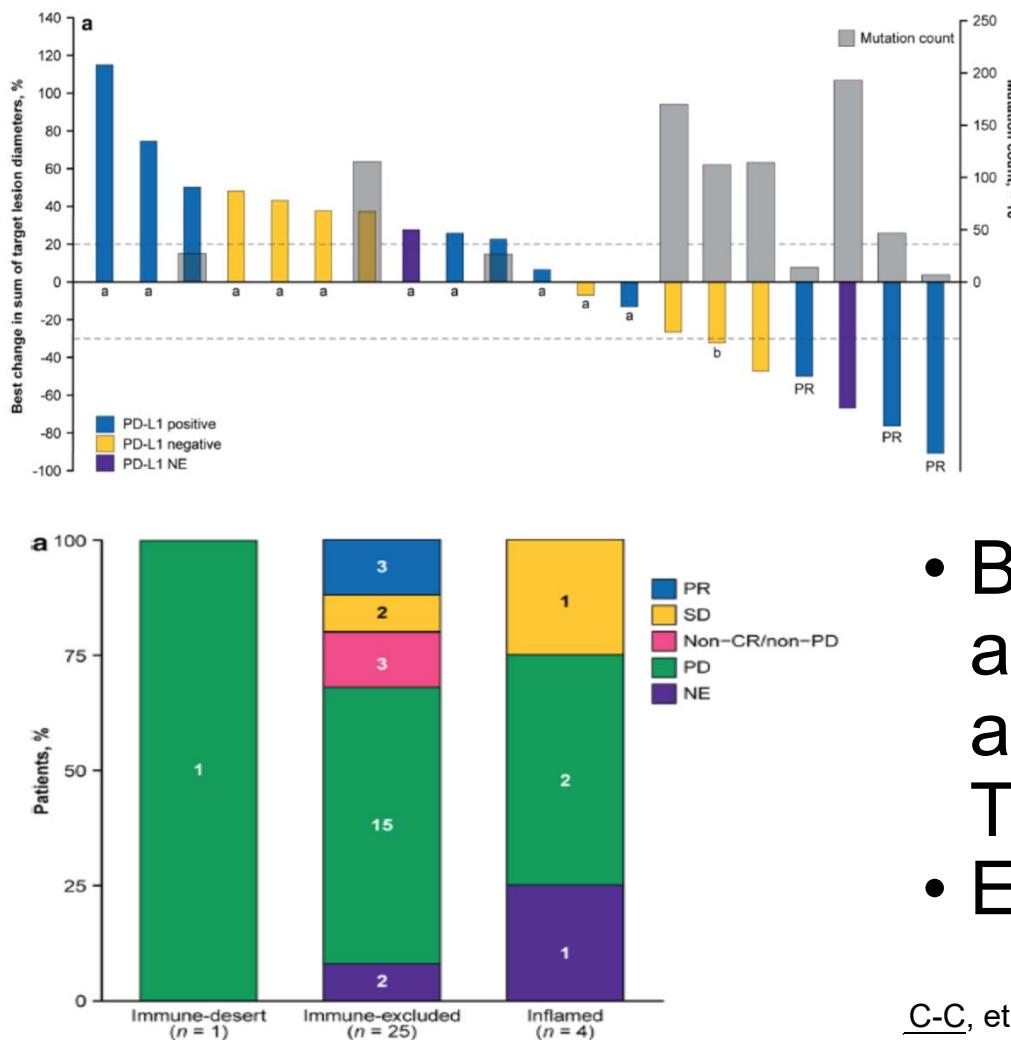
**Cycle 6: PR
Confirmed**

**Pexidartinib: CSF1R inhibitor
TGCT**



Doi T, ... Lin C-C.* Target Oncol 14:57-65, 2019 (*corresponding author)
Lee J-H, ... Lin C-C.* Invest New Drugs 38:99-110, 2020 (*corresponding author)

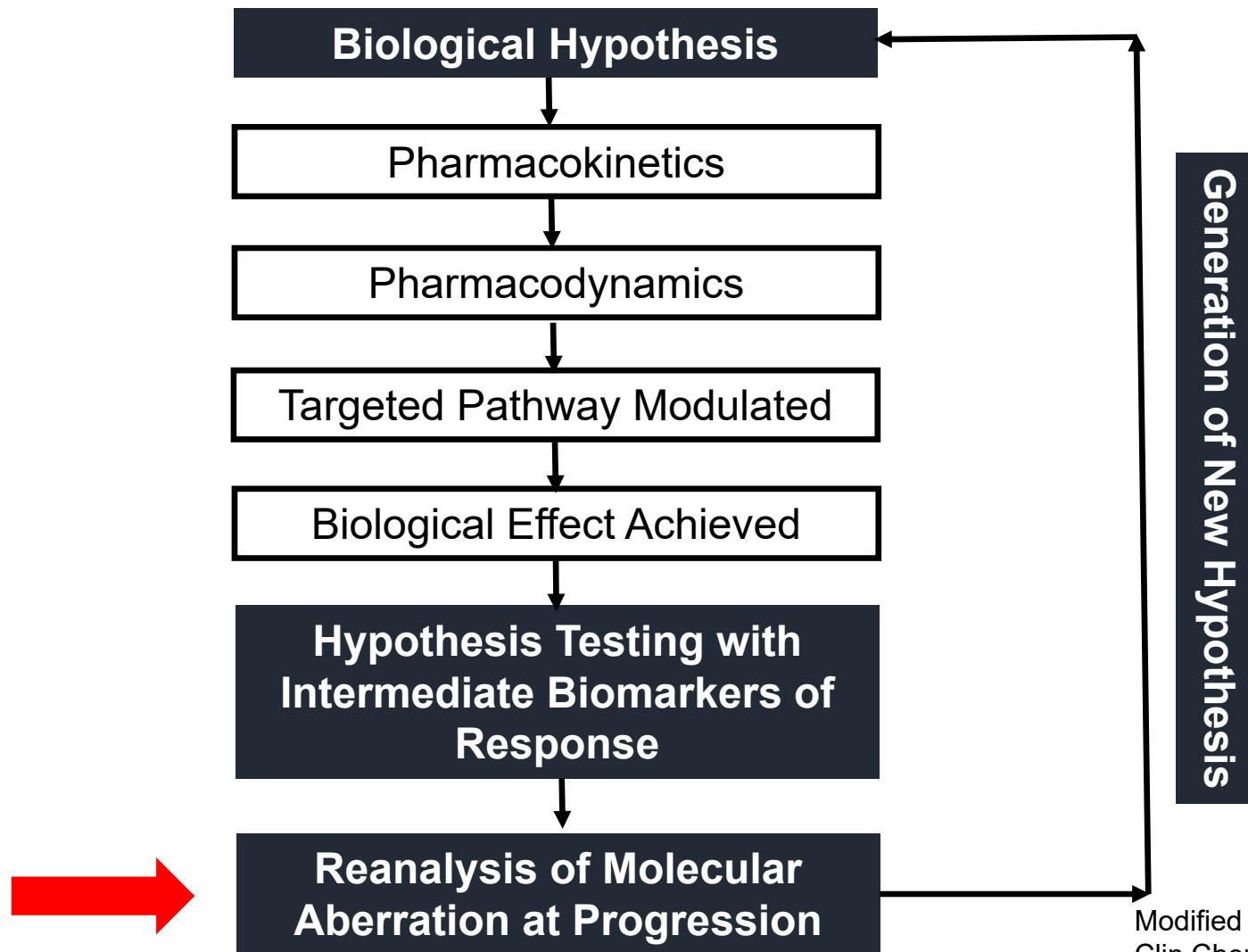
Bintrafusp Alfa (M7824) Phase I Trials



- Bintrafusp alfa: anti-PD-L1 antibody + TGF β trap
- ESCC

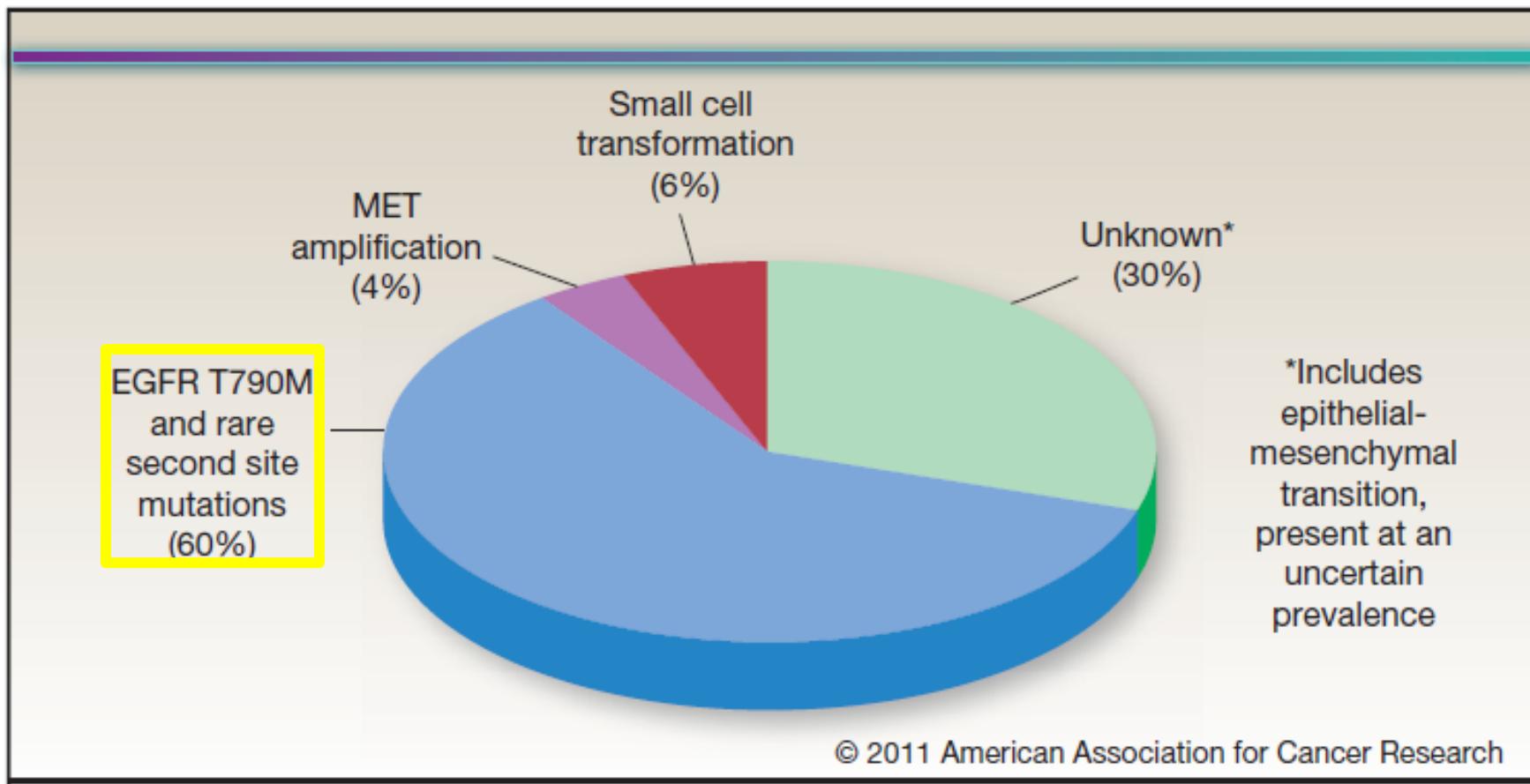
Oncology Phase I Trials

Modern



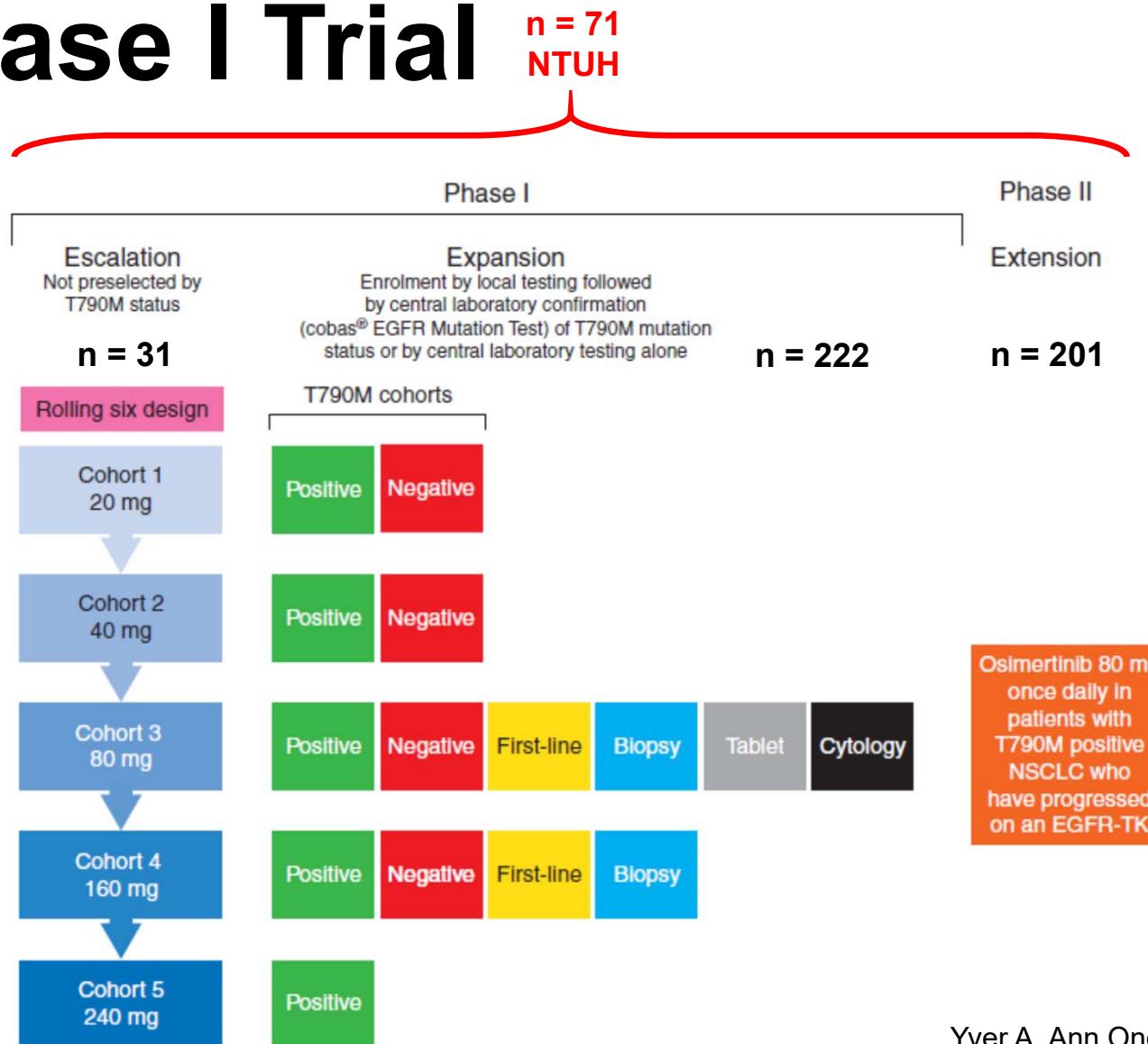
Modified from Ferraldeschi R, et al.
Clin Chem 59:75-84, 2013

EGFR TKI Acquired Resistance

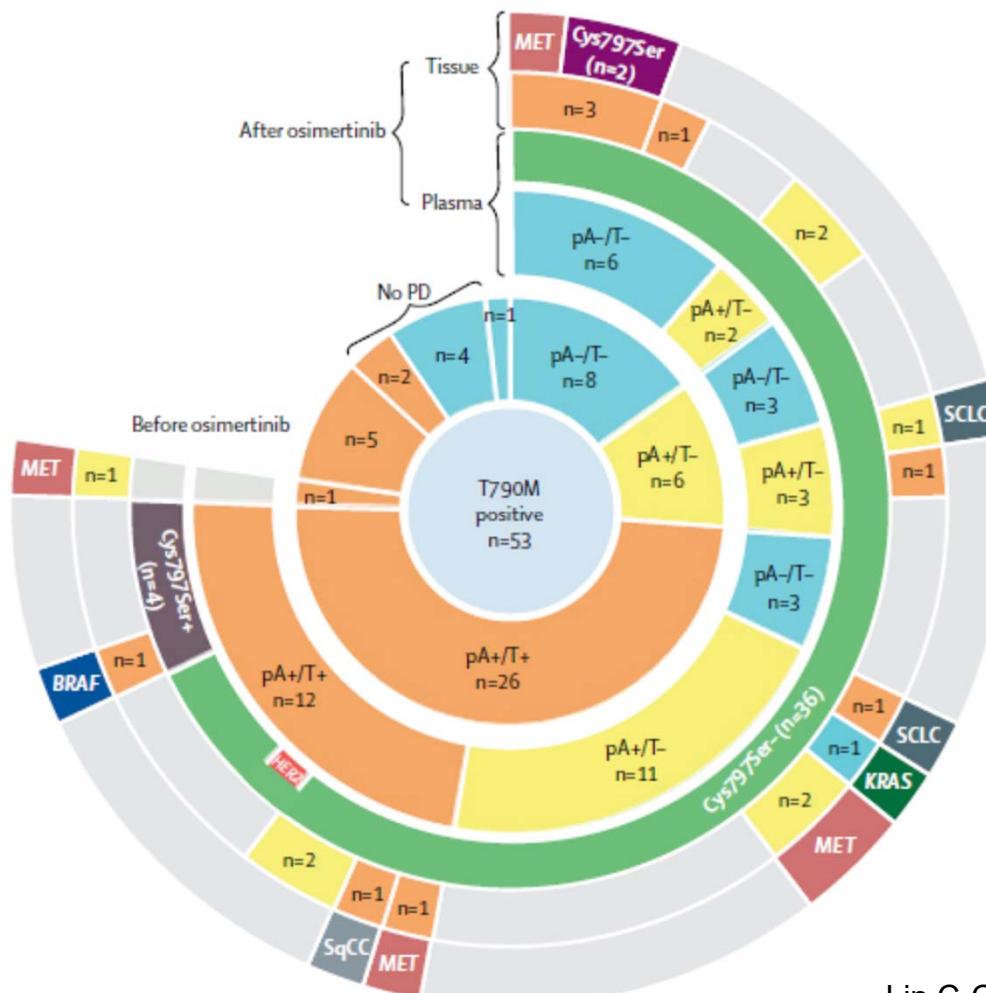


Clin Cancer Res 2011;17:5530-7

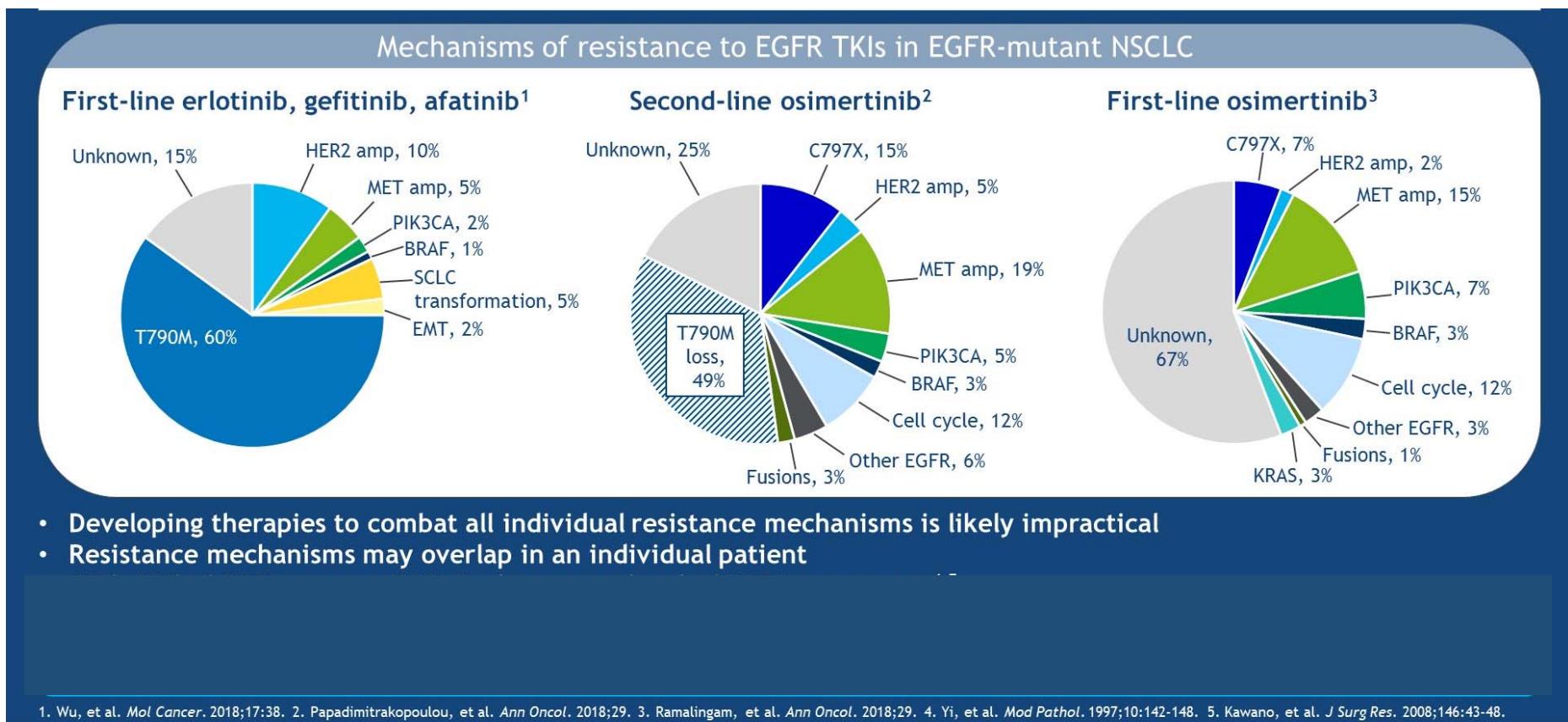
Osimertinib (AZD9291) Phase I Trial



Osimertinib (AZD9291) Phase I Trial



Osimertinib (AZD9291) Resistance Mechanisms



Study Design of Sonidegib Phase I Studies

	Western study	Asian study
Dose (mg)	100, 200, 400, 800, 1000, 1500, 3000 (qd) 150, 400, 750 (bid)	400, 600, 800 (qd)
DLT	grade 3 or 4 significant AE or abnormal laboratory parameters	
MTD evaluation		cycle 1
MTD estimation	Bayesian logistic regression model (BLRM)	
MTD definition (the highest dose with)	$P(\text{DLT rate of } \geq 33\%) < 25\%$ and $P(\text{DLT}) = 16-33\%$	
Number of patients at MTD	$\geq 22^*$	≥ 6

*to provide a 90% probability of detecting adverse events with an incidence of 10%)

Common Toxicities of Sonidegib (Western Phase I Study)

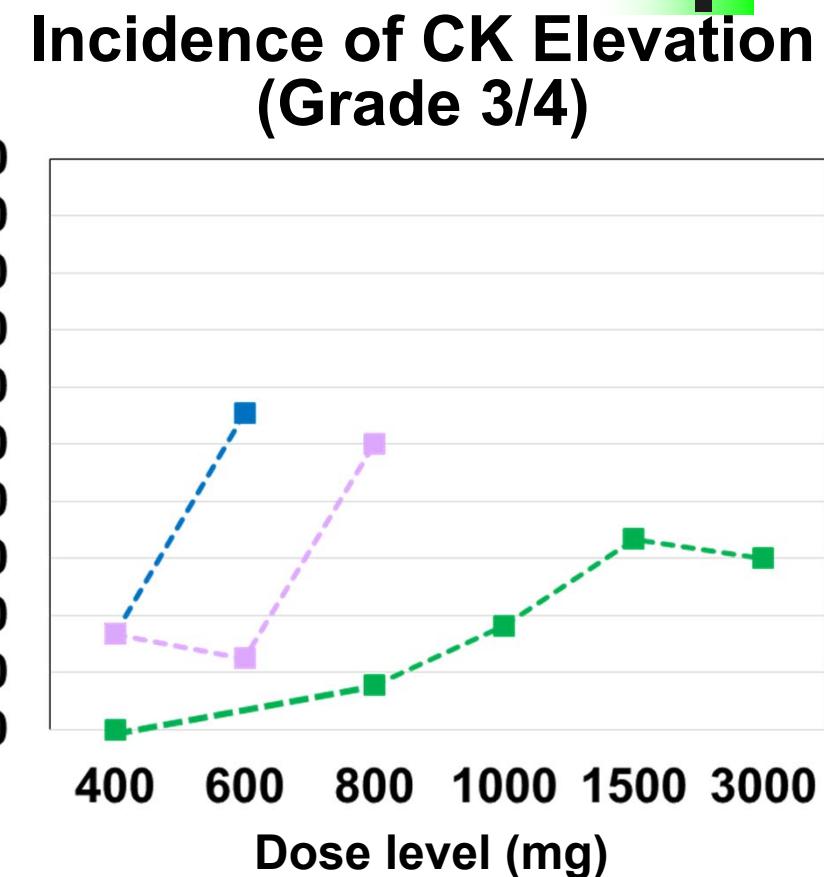
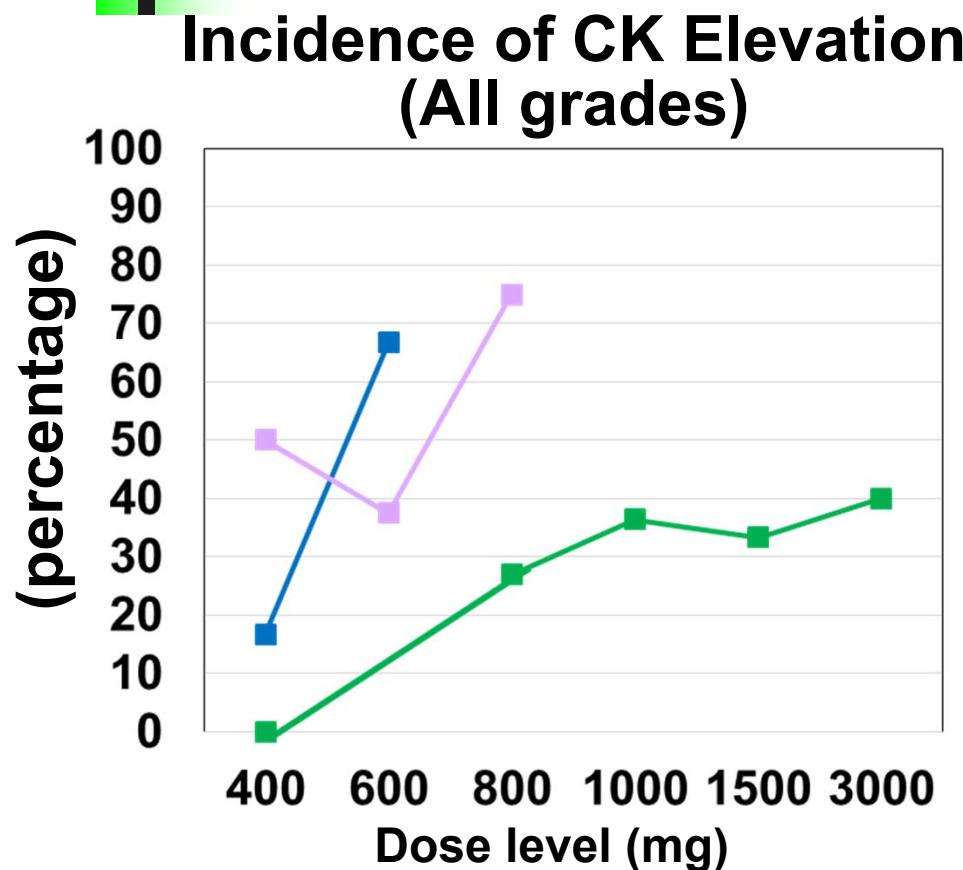
	400 mg QD (n = 5)		800 mg QD (n = 26)		1000 mg QD (n = 11)		1500 mg QD (n = 9)		3000 mg QD (n = 10)	
	Grade		Grade		Grade		Grade		Grade	
	All	3/4	All	3/4	All	3/4	All	3/4	All	3/4
CK increased	0	0	7	2 (8%)	4	2 (18%)	3	3 (33%)	4	3 (30%)
ALT/AST increased	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	2	2
Myalgia	0	0	4	0	3	1	2	0	2	0
Muscular spasm	0	0	9	0	3	0	4	0	0	1
Alopecia	0	0	4	0	1	0	2	0	1	0
Dysgeusia	0	0	5	0	3	0	3	0	5	0
Fatigue	0	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	0

Common Toxicities of Sonidegib (Taiwanese / Hong Konger)

Toxicities, n	400 mg QD (n = 12)			600 mg QD (n = 8)			800 mg QD (n = 4)		
	Grade			Grade			Grade		
	All	3	4	All	3	4	All	3	4
CK increased	6	1	1	3	0	1	3	0	2
ALT increased	1	0	0	2	1	0	3	1	0
AST increased	1	0	0	2	1	0	3	2	0
Myoglobin increased	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Myalgia	2	0	0	3	1	0	3	1	0
Muscular weakness	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	2	0
Alopecia	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dysgeusia	2	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	0
Fatigue	4	0	0	1	0	0	3	2	0

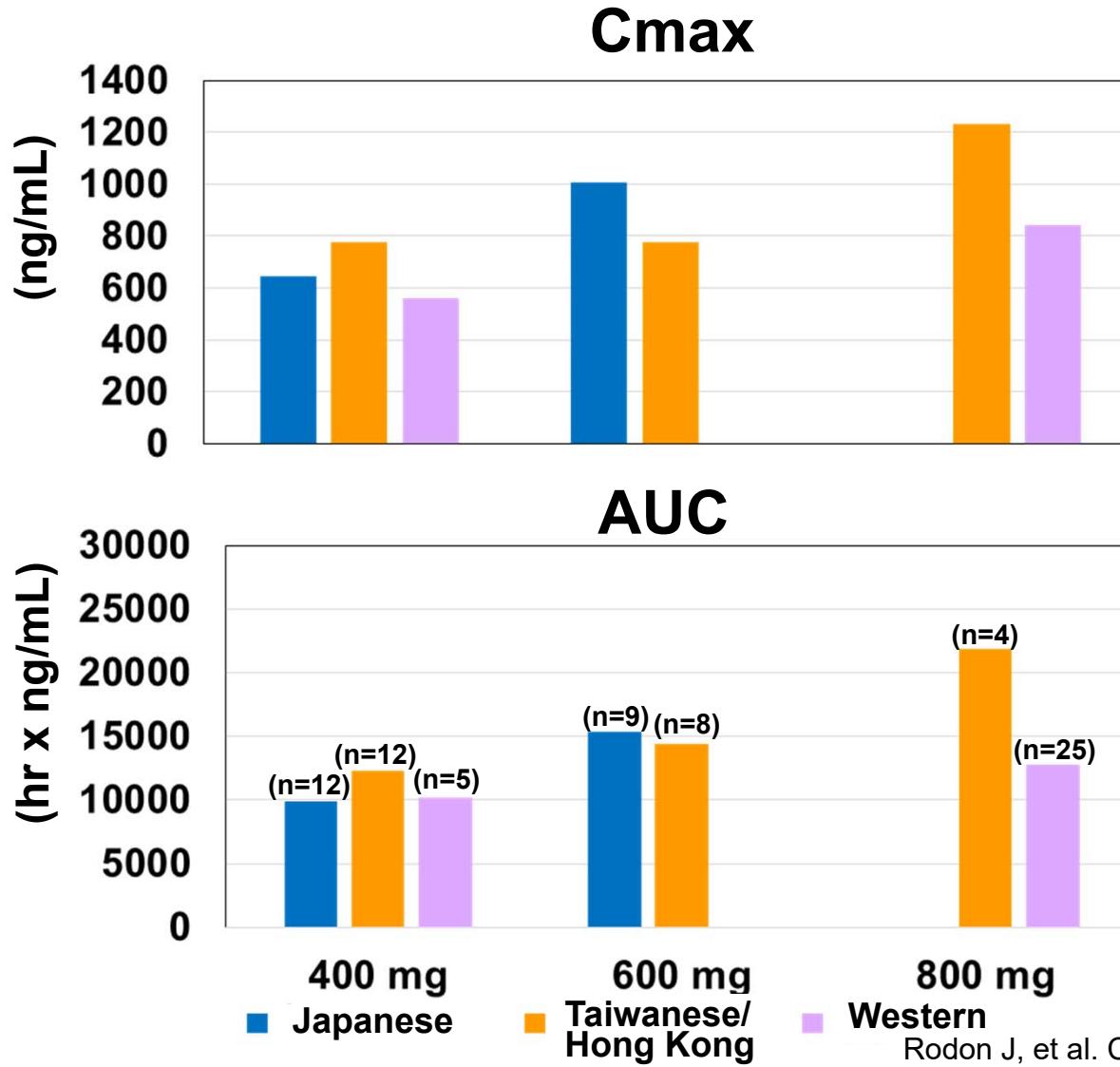
- A single DLT of CK elevation was observed at 800 mg in cycle 1, but one additional patient experienced grade 4 CK elevation after cycle 1 (50% in total).
- Grade 3 or 4 CK elevation was also observed at 400 and 600 mg after cycle 1.
- Grade 2 or 3 myalgia and muscle weakness was observed at 600 mg.
- Taking into consideration the muscle-related toxicities and similar pharmacokinetics to Japanese patients, 400 mg was also recommended.

Incidence of CK Elevation in Phase I Studies of Sonidegib



■ Japanese ■ Taiwanese/HK ■ Western □ Japanese □ Taiwanese/HK □ Western

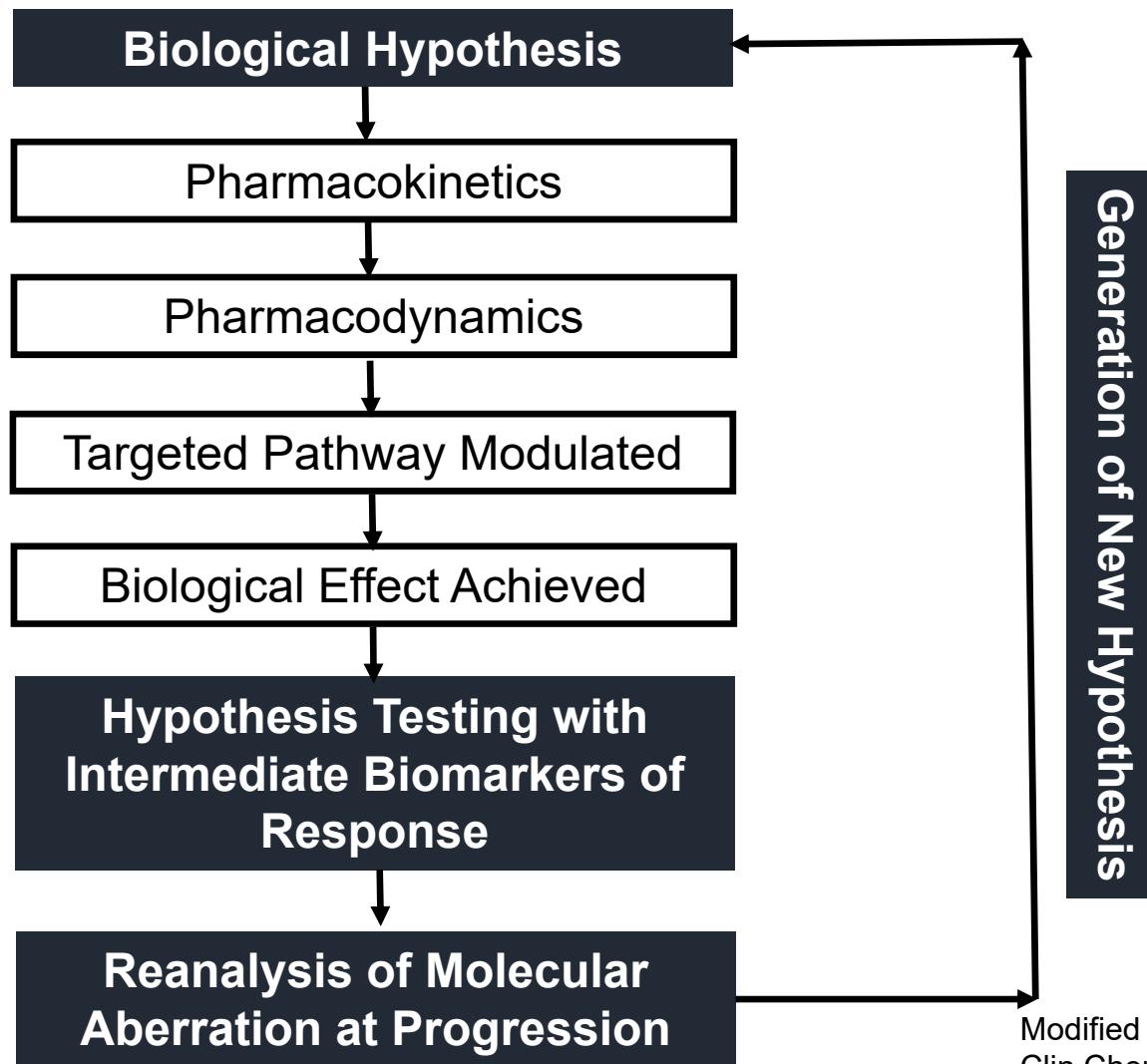
Pharmacokinetics of Sonidegib on C1D15



Rodon J, et al. Clin Cancer Res 20: 1900-9, 2014
Minami H*, ..., Lin, C-C*. Cancer Sci 107: 1477-83, 2016

Oncology Phase I Trials

Modern



Modified from Ferraldeschi R, et al.
Clin Chem 59:75-84, 2013

Conclusion

- QTc prolongation correlated with C_{\max} of belizatinib (TSR011, ALK inhibitor)
- Integration of biomarker (total plasma IGF-1) and response data to confirm PR2D of xentuzumab (BI836845, anti-IGF antibody)
- Molecular aberrations of tumors reanalyzed at PD to reveal the resistance mechanisms of osimertinib (AZD9291, EGFR inhibitor)
- Difference in tolerability of sonidegib (LDE225, SMO inhibitor) between populations

Acknowledgement

腫瘤醫學部

- 鄭安理 教授
- 楊志新 教授
- 洪曉怡
- 陳盈然
- 張淑綾
- 江文喬
- 黃于珊
- 林家韻
- 嚴毓欣
- 楊家旋
- 姜佳萍

Study
Coordination

- 蔡惋淳
- 楊佳菱

- 陳莉榛
- 李銀樺
- 吳雅秋
- 楊雅惠
- 劉雅蓁
- 彭欣羚
- 陳怡帆

Data
Management

PK
Sampling

Translational
Research

臨床醫學研究所

- 楊偉勛 教授
- 周祖述 教授

